edging, but the lines on the under surface of the interfemoral white.

Ears fairly long, their anterior edge evenly convex, their

posterior deeply emarginate.

Skull and teeth of normal proportions, the canines scarcely visible from above. Small upper premolars subequal in transverse area, the posterior about half the height of the anterior, very slightly drawn inwards, and clearly visible from without.

Dimensions of the type:-

Forearm 39 millim.

Head and body 44; tail 41; ear 14; third metacarpal 35; lower leg 17; hind foot (s. u.) 7.5.

Skull: front of canine to back of m' 5.5; greatest length

(in another specimen) 14.5.

Hab. Tucuman. Other specimens from Salta (Spegazzini)

and Bolivia (Simons).

Type. Female. B.M. no. 0. 7. 9. 4. Collected 7th April, 1899, by L. Dinelli; presented by Oldfield Thomas. Five specimens examined from the type locality.

It would thus appear that in Paraguay and the neighbouring parts of Argentina four species of Myotis are to be found,

distinguishable as follows :-

M. nigricans, Wied.

M. albescens, Geoff.

M. ruber, Geoff.

M. Dinellii, Thos.

LXVIII. — Description of a new Snake of the Genus Pseudechis from Queensland. By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

Pseudechis Colletti.

Eye rather small, its diameter nearly equalling its distance from the mouth. Rostral as deep as broad? (end of snout damaged in the single specimen); frontal small, once and a half as long as broad, not longer than the præfrontals, much narrower than the supraoculars, half as long as the parietals; posterior nasal in contact with the single praeocular; two postoculars; temporals 2+2, first lower very large and wedged in between the fifth and sixth labials; six upper labials, third and fourth entering the eye, third, fourth, and fifth equal in depth. Scales in 25 rows on the neck, in 19 on the body. Ventrals 223; anal divided; subcaudals 60, mostly single, only the 9 last divided. Dark brown above, with irregular yellowish blotches; a yellowish vertebral streak on the nape; sides and lower parts yellowish.

Total length 450 millim.; tail 65.

A young specimen from Queensland, locality unknown, for which I am indebted to my friend Prof. R. Collett.

This species differs from *P. papuanus*, Ptrs. & Dor., to which it is most nearly related, in the narrower frontal shield, the equal depth of the third, fourth, and fifth labials, and the small number of divided subcaudals.

LXIX.—New Eastern Heterocera. By Colonel C. SWINHOE, M.A., F.L.S., &c.

Family Agaristidæ.

Eusemia solicita, nov.

3. Antennæ, palpi, head, thorax, and fore wings black. palpi with a white band on first and third joints; face with a white spot on each side in front, a white spot between the antennæ, and four white spots on the front of thorax; abdomen ochreous yellow, with black segmental bands, which are broadest above: fore wings with two ochreous-white transverse bands-the first from the subcostal vein across the middle of the cell, extending downwards nearly to vein 1, the second across the disk from near the costa one third from apex to near outer margin above the hinder angle; also from two to four subapical white dots; in the nine examples before me these bands vary more or less, some being nearly even and some sinuated : the hind wing is reddish orange, with black basal, costal, and outer marginal bands, the outer band attenuated towards the anal angle and its inner margin sinuous; in the middle of the costa there is a knob-shaped production inwards; a short thick black band from the abdominal margin, above the angle, connected by two black lines with the marginal band, two white dots on the apical portion of the marginal black band, sometimes three, sometimes none at all.